

Country fact sheet Norway



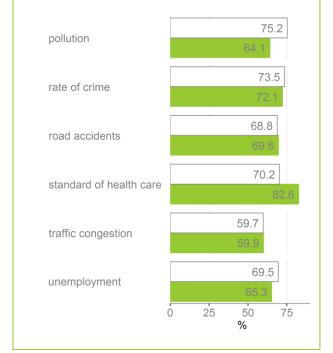
ESRA results

The ESRA project is a joint initiative of research institutes in 25 countries aiming at collecting comparable national data on road users' opinions, attitudes and self-reported behaviour with respect to road traffic risks. A common questionnaire was developed in English (UK)¹ and translated into 29 different country-language versions. The themes covered in the survey are: attitude towards unsafe traffic behaviour, behaviour of other road users, subjective safety and risk perception, involvement in road crashes, reported police checks and perceived likelihood of getting caught for traffic offences, self-declared (unsafe) behaviour in traffic, support for road safety policy measures and use of different modes of transportation.

Data collection was organised in two phases (June 2015 for 17 countries- ESRA1 and November 2016 for 8 additional countries²- ESRA1bis). In total, ESRA gathered data from almost 27,000 road users. An overview of the project and the results are available on **www.esranet.eu**. The following figures show a core set of variables in which Norway (green) is compared with the European ESRA mean³ (white).

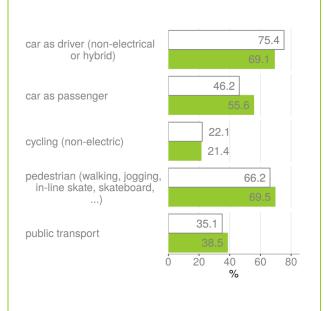
Concern about road safety

How concerned are you about each of the following issues? (4-point scale, 1=very concerned to 4=not at all concerned) - % of respondents feeling (very) concerned (1-2)



Mode of transportation

What were your most frequent modes of transport during the last 12 months? - % of respondents choosing this mode as one of their top 3 transportation modes



Self-reported behaviour

In the past 12 months, as a road user, how often did you...? (5-point scale, 1=never to 5=(almost) always) - % at least once (2-5)



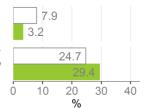
Acceptability - personal

How acceptable do you, personally, feel it is for a driver...? (5-point scale, 1=unacceptable to 5=acceptable) - % (rather) acceptable (4-5)

Speed

to drive 20 km per hour over the speed limit in an urban area

to drive 20 km per hour over the speed limit on a freeway / motorway

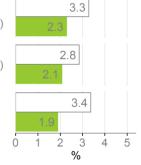


DUI

to drive 1 hour after using drugs (other than medication)

to drive after using both drugs (other than medication) and alcohol

to drive when they think they may have had too much to drink

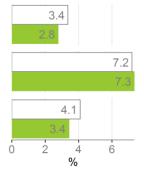


Distraction & Fatique

to drive when they're so sleepy that they have trouble keeping their eyes open

to talk on a hand-held mobile phone while driving

to type text messages or e-mails while driving



Seat belt and Child restraint systems

to not wear a seat belt in the back of the car

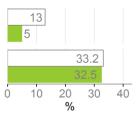
to not wear a seat belt in the front of the car

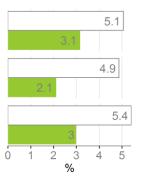
to transport children in the car without securing them (child's car seat, seat belt, etc.)



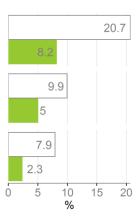
Acceptability- others

Where you live, how acceptable would most other people say it is for a driver...? (5-point scale, 1=unacceptable to 5=acceptable) - % (rather) acceptable (4-5)



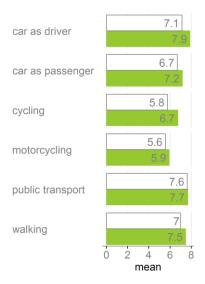






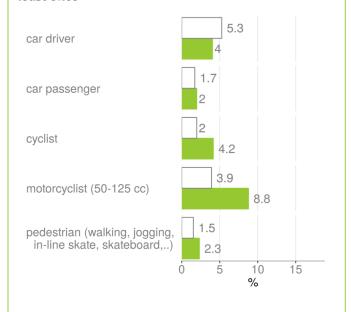
(Un)Safety feeling

How (un)safe do you feel when using the following transport modes...? (11-point scale, 0=very unsafe to 10 very safe) - mean of the 11-point scale



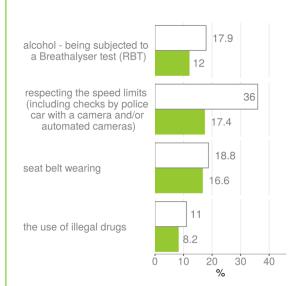
Involvement in road crashes

In the past three months have you been involved in a road traffic accident as...? - % at least once



Enforcement

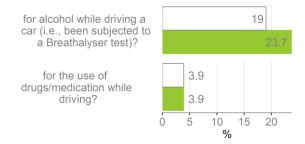
On a typical journey, how likely is it that you (as a driver) will be checked by the police for...? (5-point scale, 1=very small chance to 5=very big chance) - % (very) big chance (4-5)



In the past 12 months, how many times have you been stopped by the police for a check? - % at least once



In the past 12 months, how many times were you checked by the police...? - % at least once



Background Data

Basic data of Norway in relation to the European average⁴.

Exposure

	year	NO
total length of roads (km)*	2013	93815
total length of motorways (km)*	NA	NA
vehicle kilometres (total in millions)*	2014	44466
motorisation rate ⁵ (Cars/1000 inhab.)**	2014	500

^{*} Source: IRTAD

Persons killed in road accidents by age (CARE database)

			NO EU		
ages	year	absolute number	%	absolute number	%
0-14	2015	2	1.7	645	2.4
15-17	2015	2	1.7	621	2.4
18-24	2015	31	26.5	3,638	13.8
25-49	2015	36	30.8	9,264	35.1
50-64	2015	22	18.8	5,125	19.4
≥65	2015	24	20.5	6,864	26.0
Unknown	2015	0	0.0	259	1.0
TOTAL	2015	117	100.0	26416	100.0

European sum computed with the most recent available year by country (2009: BG; 2010: MT, SK; 2013: IE; 2014: BE, SE; others: 2015).

Persons killed in road accidents by transport mode (CARE database)

	_	NO	EU
mode of transportation	year	absolute	absolute
		number	number
car (including taxi)	2015	67	12223
moped	2015	1	712
motor cycle	2015	20	3937
pedal cycle	2015	5	2058
pedestrian	2015	12	5528

European sum computed with the most recent available year by country (2009: BG; 2010: MT, SK; 2013: IE; 2014: BE, SE; others: 2015)

^{**} Source: Eurostat

D/2017/0779/5 - Report number: 2017 - F - 03 - EN

Population

	year	NO	EU
population (M. inhab.)	2015	5.2	505.2
density (inhab./km2)	2015	14.3	113.2^{6}

Source: United Nations (Estimates)

Age Distribution

ages	year	NO	EU
0-14	2015	18.0	15.5
15-24	2015	13.1	11.0
25-49	2015	34.6	34.2
50-64	2015	18.0	20.2
65-79	2015	12.1	13.8
≥80	2015	4.2	5.4

% of the population

Source: United Nations (Estimates)

Internet users (per 100 people)

year	NO	EU
2015	97	80

Source: World Bank (Estimates)

- ⁴ The European average is based on the EU-28: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.
- ⁵ The motorization rate is defined as the number of passenger cars per 1 000 inhabitants. A passenger car is a road motor vehicle, other than a motorcycle, intended for the carriage of passengers and designed to seat no more than nine persons (including the driver).
- ⁶ Population density EU is based on the total population of the EU-28 (505 150 000 inhabitants; Source: United Nations) divided by the total surface of the EU-28 (4463 600 km²; Source: Eurostat).

Please refer to this document as: Belgian Road Safety Institute (2017). Country fact sheet Norway. ESRA project (E-Survey of Road users' Attitudes). Brussels, Belgium: Belgian Road Safety Institute.













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¹ Please note that this country fact sheet has been written in British English. Exact wording of items and spelling was adapted in the online survey.

² In a 1st phase (ESRA1 - June 2015) data were collected from 17 European countries: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom. In a 2nd phase (ESRA1bis - November 2016) data of 8 additional countries were added: Australia, Canada, Czech Republic, Hungary, Israel, Norway, South Korea and the United States of America

³ The European ESRA mean is based on the results of the European ESRA-members: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.